<u>AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:</u>

Amend the claims as follows:

Claims 1-19. (Cancelled)

20. (Currently Amended) A crystal of a RAD51-BRC2 BRC4 repeat sequence complex having the orthorhombic space group P2₁2₁2₁, and unit cell dimensions a = $57.30 \text{ Å} \pm 5\%$, b = $59.14 \text{ Å} \pm 5\%$, c = $77.20 \text{ Å} \pm 5\%$.

Claim 21. (Canceled)

- 22. (Currently Amended) A crystal according to claim 20 which diffracts X-rays for the determination of atomic coordinates of the complex to a resolution of [[better]]a number less than 2.0 Å.
- 23. (Previously Presented) A crystal according to claim 20 having the three dimensional atomic coordinates of Table 1.
- 24. (Currently Amended) A RAD51-BRC repeat sequence chimaera protein in which the RAD51 is covalently joined to the BRC repeat sequence, wherein the BRC repeat sequence contains the residue sequence (F or Y)x(T or S)A(S or H or G)(G or S or N)(K or R or T) (SEQ ID NO:20), where x can be any residue.
- 25. (Currently Amended) A RAD51 paralogue-BRC repeat sequence chimaera protein in which the RAD51 paralogue <u>has at least 15% sequence identity with RAD51</u> in the RecA homology domain and is covalently joined to the BRC repeat sequence.

wherein the BRC repeat sequence contains the residue sequence (F or Y)x(T or S)A(S or H or G)(G or S or N)(K or R or T) (SEQ ID NO:20), where x can be any residue.

- 26. (Withdrawn) A nucleic acid encoding the chimaera protein of claim 24.
- 27. (Withdrawn) A mutant RAD51 which has been modified to reduce or eliminate the tendency of RAD51 to spontaneously aggregate into high molecular weight complexes.
- 28. (Withdrawn) A mutant RAD51 which has been modified by substitution, deletion and/or addition of at least one amino acid in the 85-GFTTATE-91 sequence of human RAD51, or the corresponding sequence in other forms of RAD51.
 - 29. (Withdrawn) A nucleic acid encoding the mutant RAD51 of claim 27.
 - 30. (Withdrawn) A method of homology modelling comprising the steps of:
- (a) aligning a representation of an amino acid sequence of a target protein of unknown three-dimensional structure with the amino acid sequence of the RAD51 or the BRC repeat sequence of Table 1 to match homologous regions of the amino acid sequences;
- (b) modelling the structure of the matched homologous regions of said target protein of unknown structure on the corresponding regions of the RAD51 or BRC repeat sequence structure as defined by Table 1; and
- (c) determining a conformation for said target protein of unknown structure which substantially preserves the structure of said matched homologous regions.

31. (Withdrawn) A method for determining the structure of a protein, which method comprises;

providing the co-ordinates of Table 1, and positioning the co-ordinates in the crystal unit cell of said protein so as to provide a structure for said protein.

32. (Withdrawn) A method for determining the structure of a compound bound to RAD51 or a BRC repeat sequence, said method comprising:

providing a crystal of a complex in which a compound is bound to RAD51 or a BRC repeat sequence; and

determining the structure of said complex by employing the data of Table 1.

33. (Withdrawn) A computer-based method for the analysis of the interaction of a molecular structure with RAD51 or BRC repeat sequence, which comprises:

providing the structure of RAD51 or a BRC repeat sequence as defined by Table 1;

providing a molecular structure to be fitted to said RAD51 or BRC repeat sequence structure; and

fitting the molecular structure to the RAD51 or BRC repeat sequence structure.

34. (Withdrawn) A computer-based method for the analysis of the interaction of a molecular structure with RAD51 or BRC repeat sequence, which comprises:

providing the coordinates of at least two atoms of RAD51 or a BRC repeat sequence structure as defined by Table 1;

providing a molecular structure to be fitted to said coordinates; and fitting the structure to the said coordinates.

35. (Withdrawn) A method of determining the biological activity of a compound, which comprises:

identifying a compound which fits to RAD51 or a BRC repeat sequence by performing the method of claim 33;

obtaining or synthesizing the compound; and

testing the compound in an *in vivo* or *in vitro* biological system in order to determine the activity of the compound.

36. (Withdrawn) A compound which is identified by the method of claim 33.